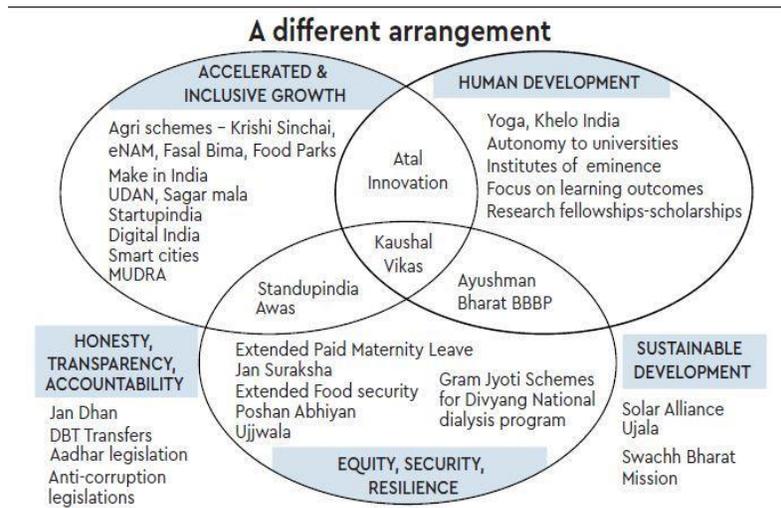


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MODI GOVERNMENT INITIATIVES



Almost all flagship programmes of the government can be placed in one or more of these categories. That is why there are overlapping or intersecting circles. Further, all three circles are circumscribed by a boundary that characterises two key principles:

- (1) Honesty, transparency and accountability, and
- (2) Sustainable development.

Accelerated and inclusive growth: Accelerated growth has to do with programmes/initiatives to improve investment climate as well as ease of doing business in the country. Inclusive growth, on the other hand, has to do with democratising economic growth by encouraging micro, small and medium enterprises and promoting self-employment through programmes such as MUDRA aimed at collateral-free loans to small businesses. Further, various sectoral policies such as for tourism, textile, leather, aviation sectors and so forth are framed with the view to accelerating growth and, therefore, belong to this category, even though these are not listed in the figure.

Human development: It has to do with initiatives aimed at realising India's potential demographic dividend. This group includes initiatives designed to make India's population healthier, skilful and more productive. Promotion of yoga among the masses as well as initiatives such as Khelo India are aimed at improving physical fitness of the people. At the same time, through a series of initiatives, the government is trying to improve the quality of education at all levels. In this tech age, it is laying emphasis on inculcating innovative thinking among students early on while they are still in school.

Equity, security and resilience: This category includes wide-ranging interventions—from providing food, nutrition and income security to preventing the households from falling into poverty trap due to different shocks. Programmes such as Food for All and Poshan Abhiyan provide food and nutritional security, while Suraksha Bima Yojana, Jeevan Jyoti Bima Yojana, National Health Protection Scheme and the like are meant to insure them against different risks, and AMRIT and Jan Aushadhi Pariyojana are meant to protect the people against the rising healthcare costs. There are a number of programmes aimed at protecting and promoting the welfare of lower-income households.

A few deserve special mention as they span more than one category:

- **Atal Innovation Mission** is aimed at promoting a culture of innovation as well as tech-entrepreneurship. Hence, it is common to both 'growth' as well as 'human development' categories.
- PM Awas Yojana is aimed at promoting Housing for All, and is also meant to spur the housing industry given its scale and, hence, it overlaps two categories.

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- Stand-Up India is aimed at promoting entrepreneurship specifically among certain disadvantaged sections of society. It spans both the categories of 'inclusive growth' and 'building (income) security'.
- Beti Bachao, Beti Padhao is aimed at not only on improving the sex ratio at birth, but also improving education of girls. For this reason, it spans the category of 'equity' and 'human development'.
- Ayushman Bharat is designed to not only make curative (hospital) care accessible to the poor through the National Health Protection Mission, but also to make promotive and preventive care available to all. Because of its promotive health components, it spans 'human development'.
- Kaushal Vikas Yojana, or Skill India, spans all three categories. Skill-building directly promotes 'human development', contributes to 'inclusive growth', and also provides 'income security'.

Let us categorize them differently based on their directions

1. Transforming India: Digital India scheme, Make in India scheme
2. Entrepreneurship schemes: PM Jan Dhan Yojana, MUDRA Bank Yojana
3. Farmers and Rural development schemes: Kisan Vikas Patra, Krishi Ambani Bima Yojana, PM Gram Sinchai Yojana, Soil Healthcard scheme
4. Child health and Girl child development schemes: Indradhanush, Sukanya Samridhi, Beti Bachao – Beti Padhao
5. Youth development schemes: Skill India, Udaan Project
6. Insurance and Pension : Pradhan Mantri Jeeva Jyothi Yojana, Pradhan Mantri Suraksha Bima Yojana, Atal Pension Scheme, Rani laxmi bhai pension scheme
7. Workers Protection and Development scheme: Pandit Deendayal Upadhyaya Shramev Yojana, Mahatma Gandhi Pravasi Suraksha Yojana
8. Urban Development : Swachh Bharat, AMRUT, HRIDAY Yojana
9. Tourism Development : Swadesh Darshan

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